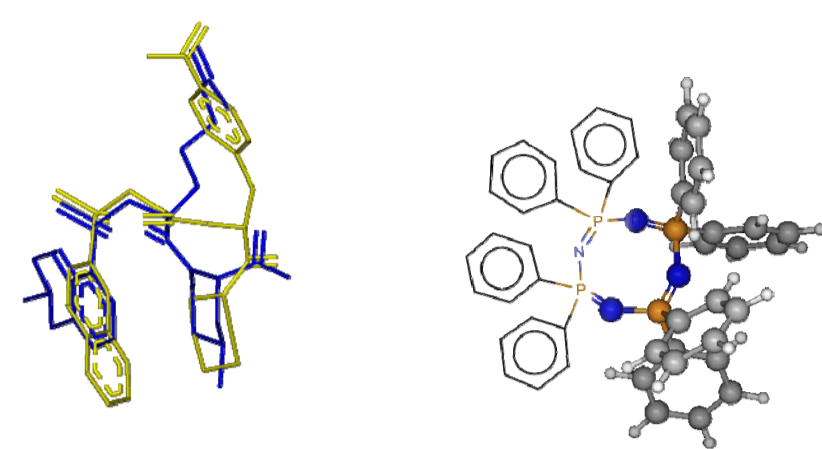


## ChemAxon in 3D

3D Structure generation: Marvin Sketch, Marvin Space

3D Alignment: Marvin Sketch, pseudo-docking in Marvin Space

- Flexible and rigid shape alignment
- Extended atom types/Pharmacophore types
- More than 2 molecules in a single run (2~6)



3D Similarity Screening: Screen3D

## Flexible alignment

### Quaternion hybrid method

Stepwise optimisation of dihedrals by a proprietary MDS-CG method  
(Farkas, Ó., Schlegel, H.B., J. Mol. Structure: THEOCHEM 2003, 666, 31-39.)

In every iteration, the translation and rotation step is delegated to rigid quaternion fit:

- minimises RMSD on selected atom pairs (best alignment)
- incorporates analytic solution of the equation

Pros:

- very fast
- robust: finds the best alignment

Cons:

- only quadratic constraints can be handled by this method
- two molecules per alignment

These are prerequisites to solve the atom/atom mapping

- exhaustive enumeration of all permutations of atom pairs
- excluding inappropriate ones in the early stage of search
- „cheap” geometrical constraint is aware of conformational flexibility

## Atom – atom matching & alignment

### Preprocessing

- Preprocessing has to be done once in the life of a molecule
- Preprocessing includes generation of colors (extended atom types / pharmacophore types)
- Ring centers are determined (aromatic, aliphatic)
- Minimal, maximal internal distance ranges are calculated (~ 10 s/mol)
- Atomic histograms for selected atoms are generated

### Backtracking with constraints

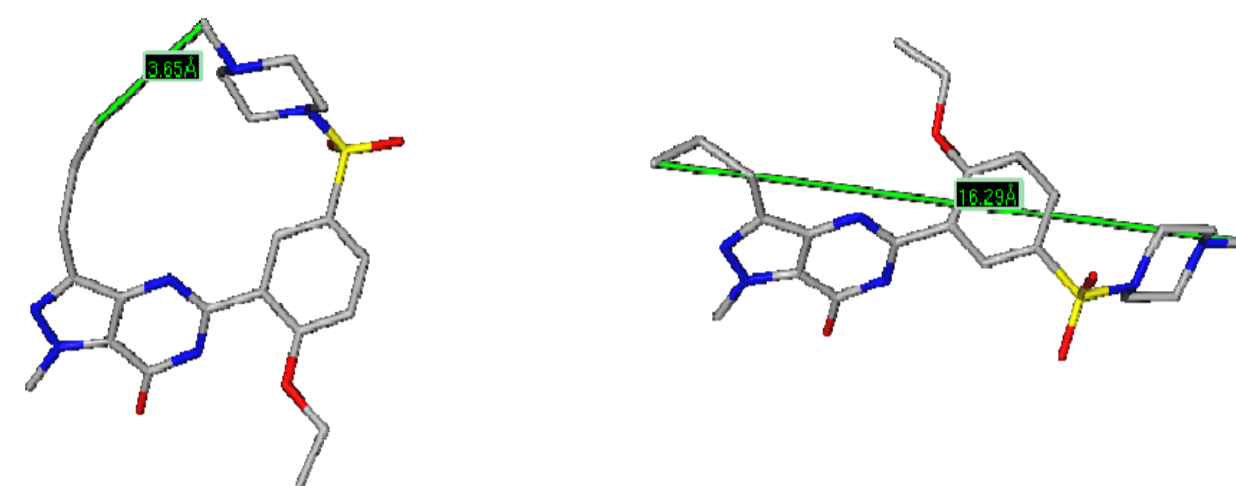
- It is investigated if colors of atoms are the same for the pairs
- Distance ranges are checked for any pairs of mapped atoms
- Triangle inequality for any triplet of maps is checked
- Quaternion Flexible Hybrid Alignment on map is executed

### Output Result

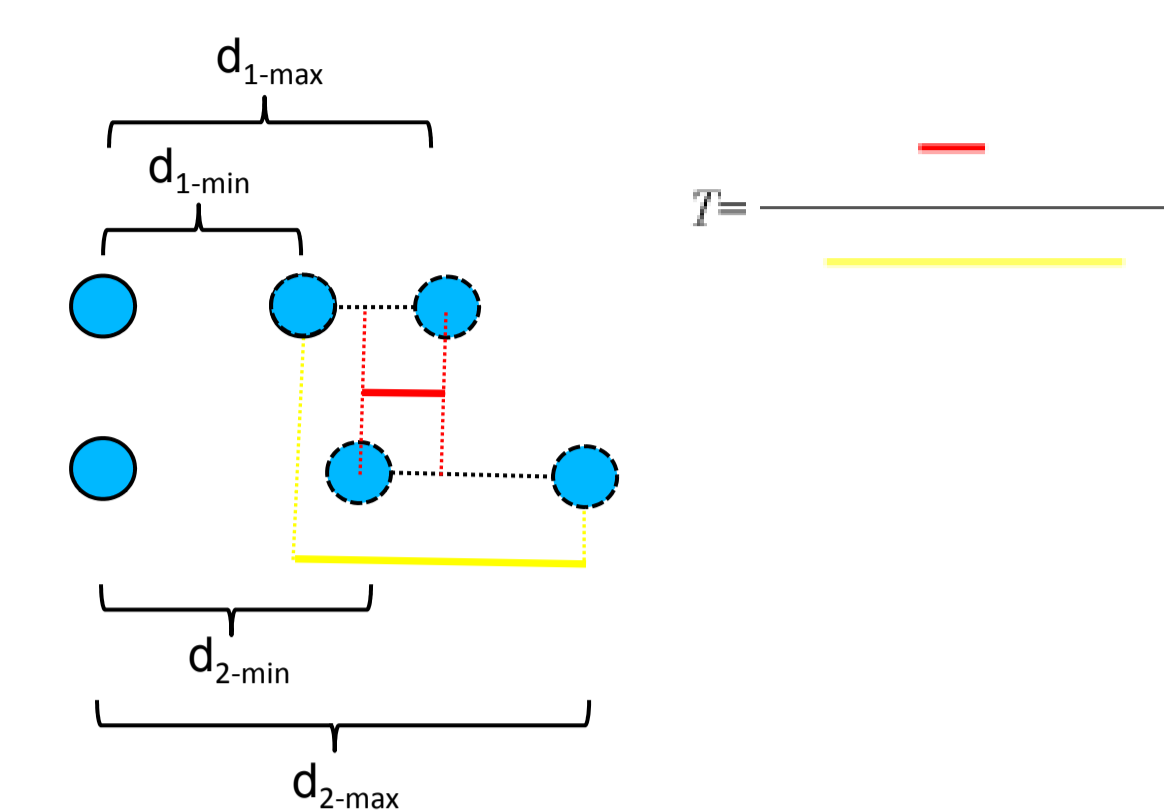
- Atom/atom mapping
- Molecules aligned
- Score: Tanimoto like coefficient is sum of atomic contributions

**Guaranteed: No good solution of the conformational space is lost!**

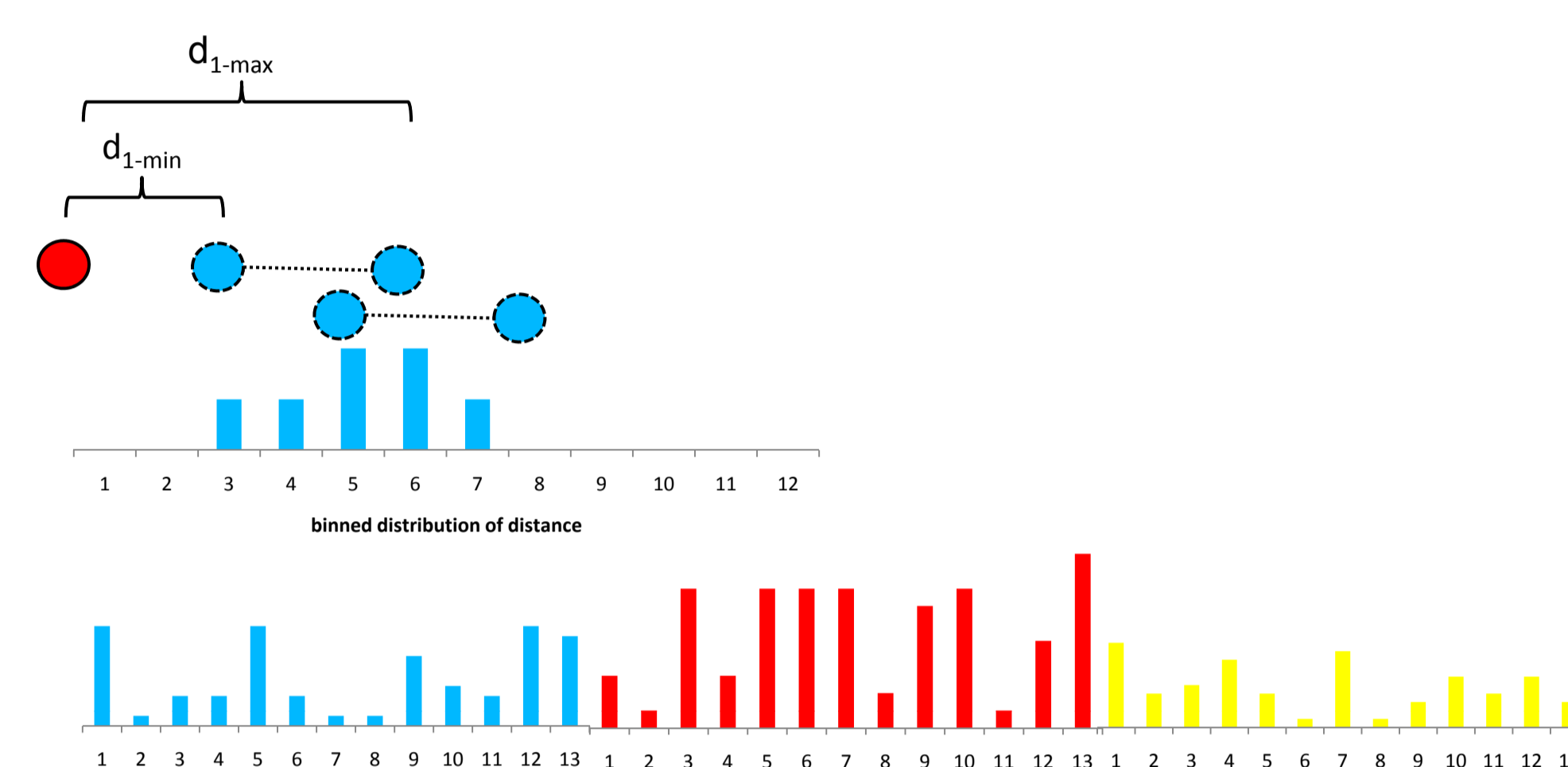
Minimal, maximal distance



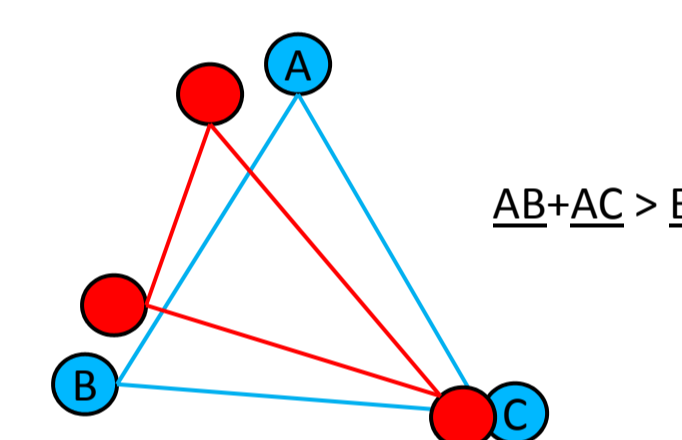
Distance range



Atomic histogram based on Tanimoto similarity

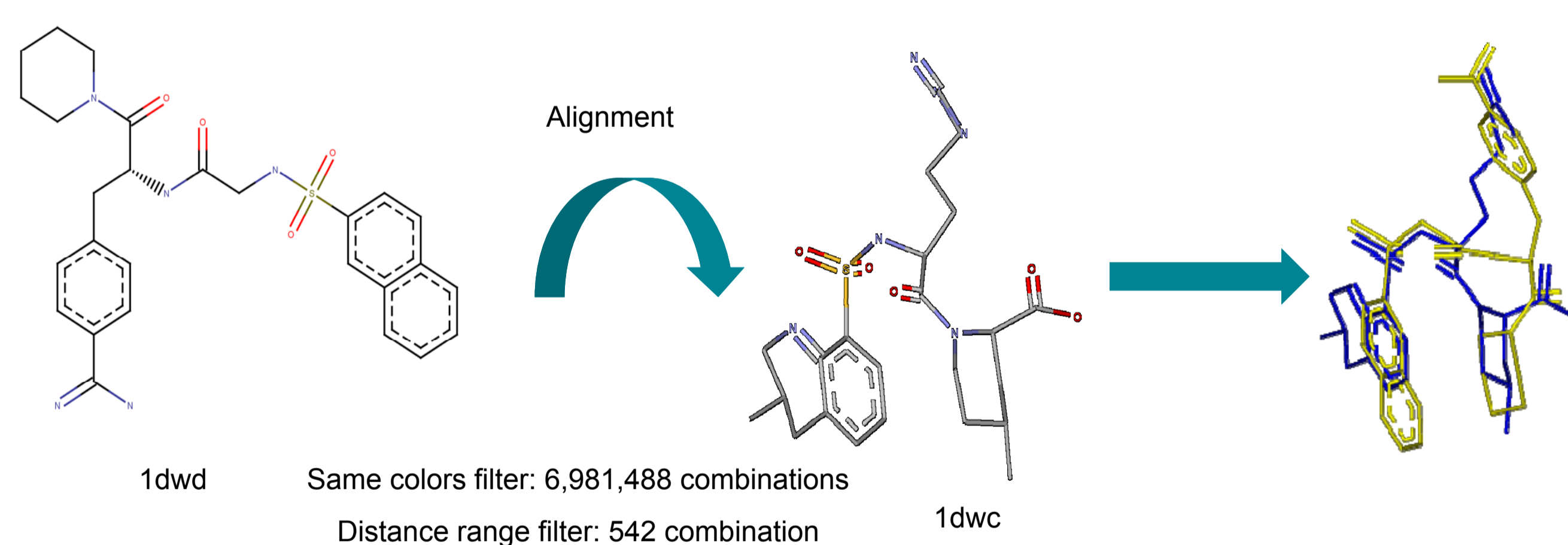


Triangle inequality



## Flexible alignment of Thrombin inhibitors

Pseudo-docking in Marvin Space

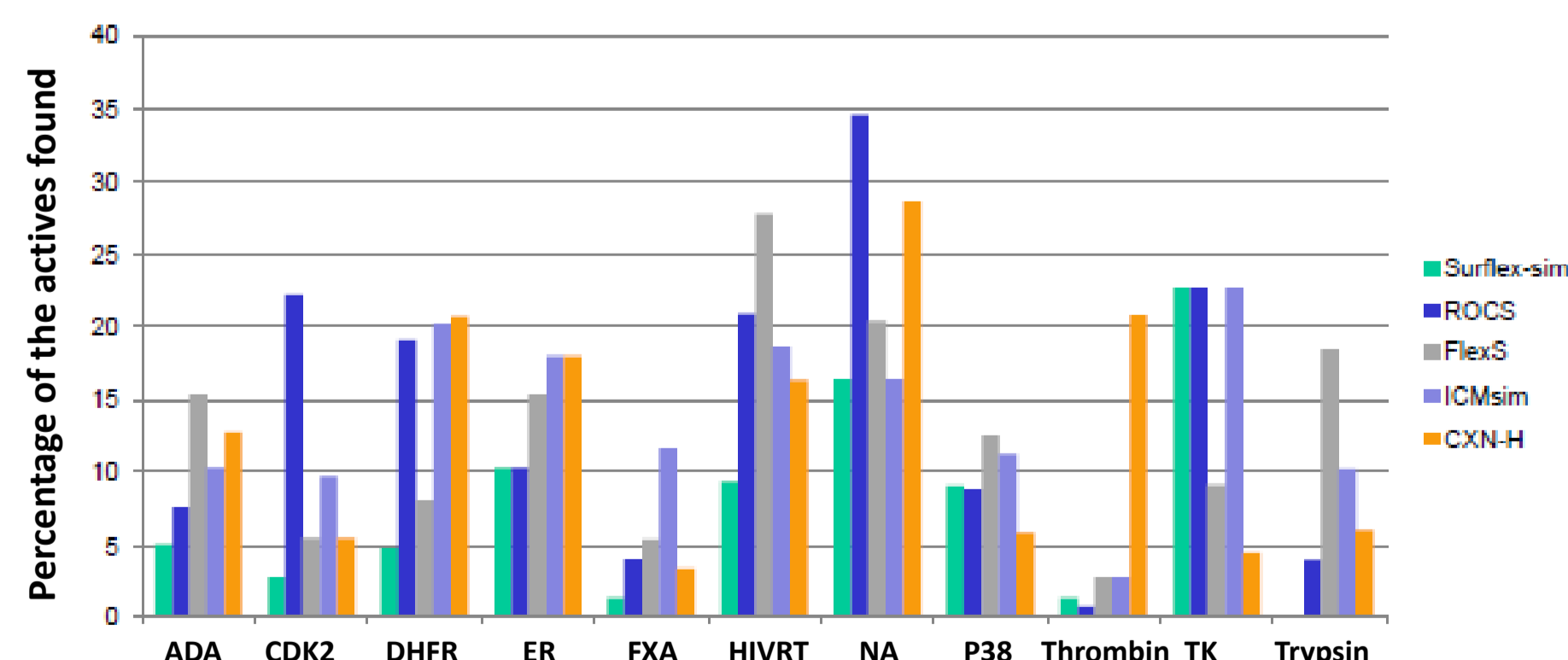


## Testing Screen3D on DUD datasets

ADA	Adenosine deaminase	39/927	DOCK
CDK2	Cyclin dependent kinase 2	72/2074	Surflex-Dock
DHFR	Dihydrofolate reductase	410/8367	FRED
ER	Estrogen receptor antagonist	39/1448	FlexX
FXA	Factor Xa	146/5745	ICM
HIVRT	HIV reverse transcriptase	43/1519	
NA	Neuraminidase	49/1874	ROCS
P38	P38 mitogen activated protein kinase	454/9141	Surflex-sim
THR	Thrombin	72/2456	FlexS
TK	Thymidine kinase	22/891	ICMsim
TRY	Trypsin	49/1664	

Giganti et al. J. Chem. Inf. Model. 2010, 50, 992

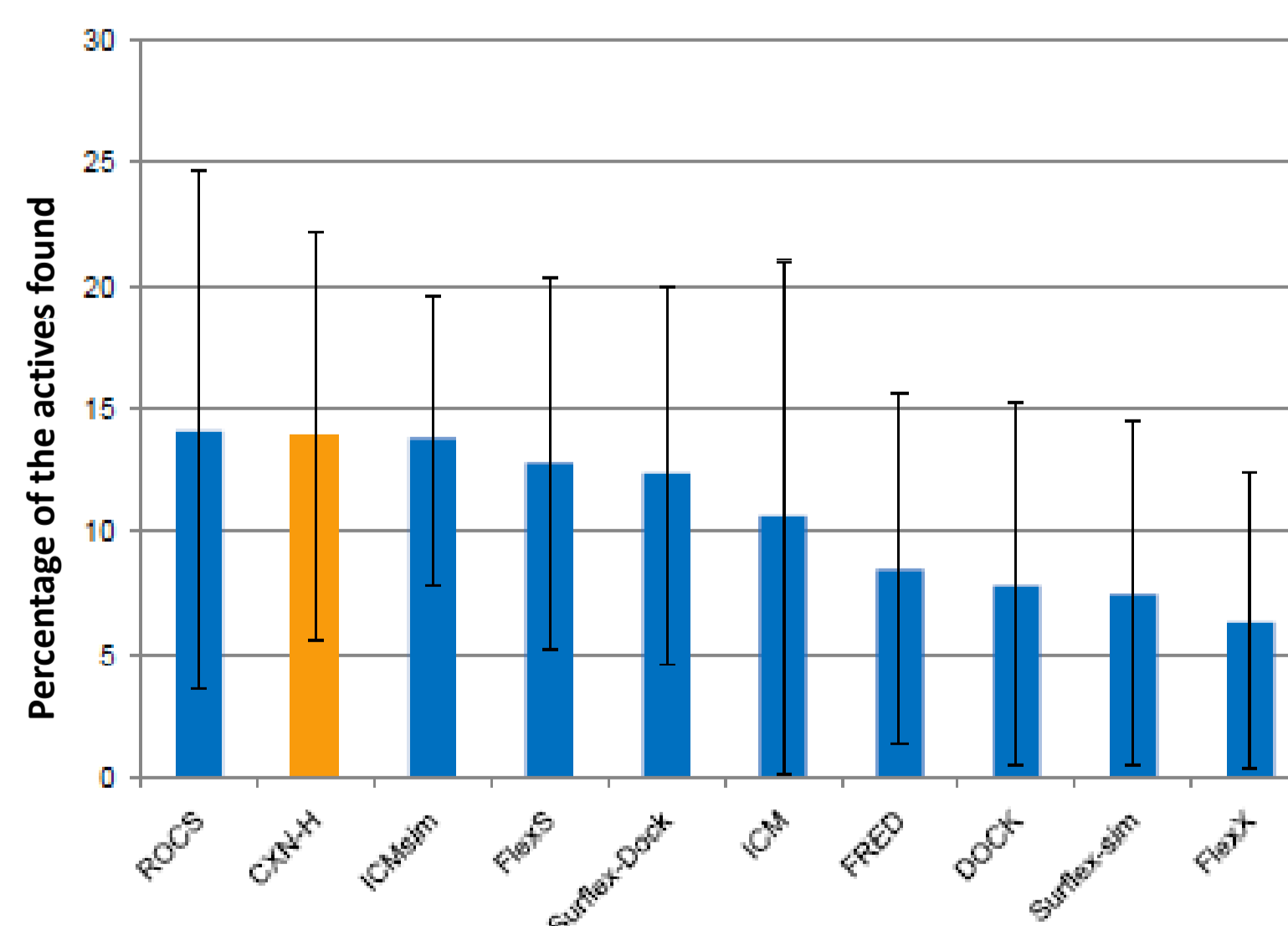
## 1% Enrichment



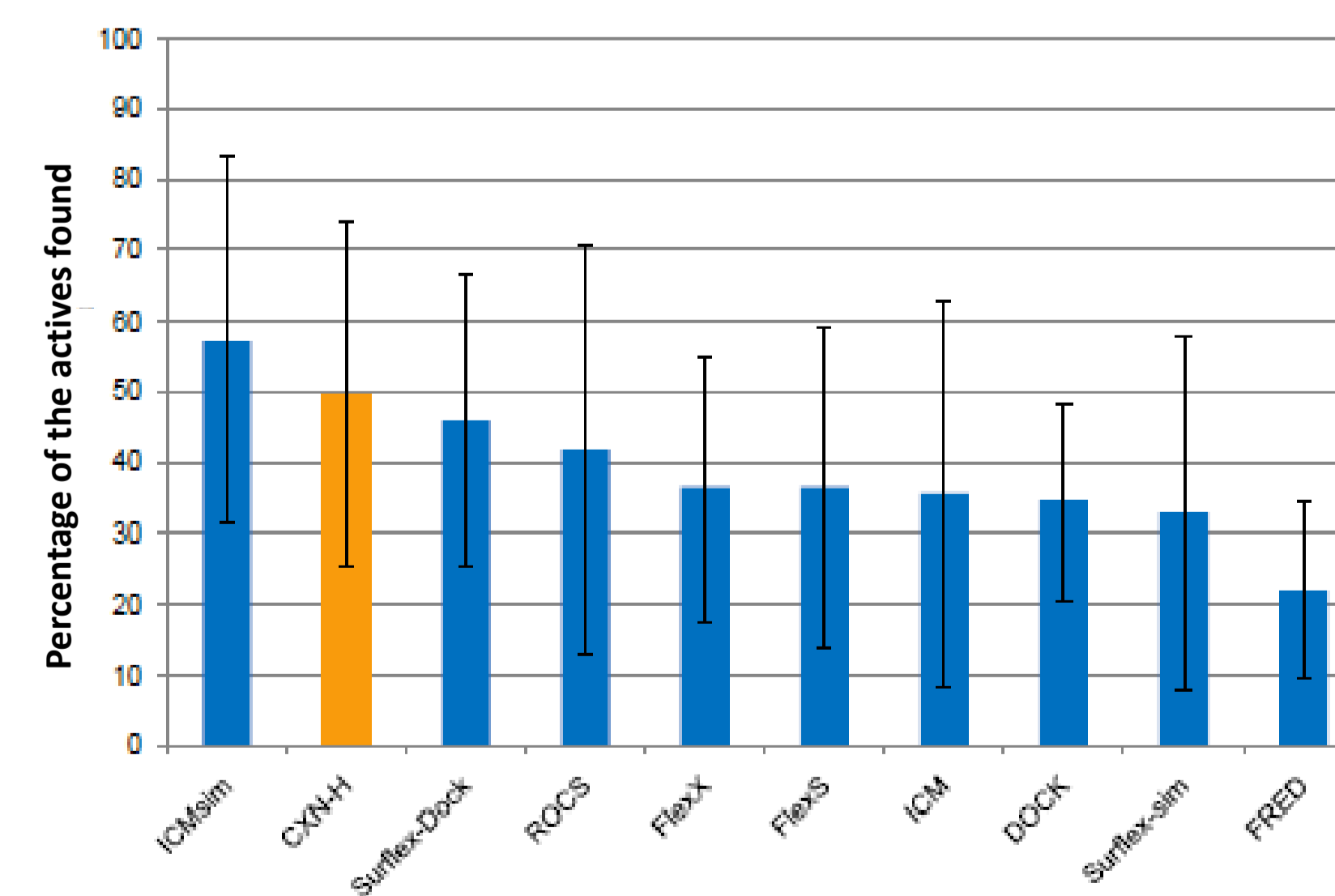
## Speed

average time per compound (s)		
CXN-H	0.07	Intel Q6600 2.4 GHz
ROCS	0.5	
FRED	1.0	
ICMsim	2.4	
Surflex-sim	6.7	Intel Xeon 2.4 GHz
FlexS	6.9	
Surflex-dock	14.6	
FLEXS	15.6	
ICM	17.7	

## Average of 1% Enrichment factors



## Average of 1% Enrichment factors



## Downloading and trying out

Functionality included within Screen product package:

- Screen 2D: similarity searches and various fingerprints
- Screen 3D: fast 3D similarity search